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Public budget security administration: development of primary mechanisms

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Abstract

The current state of public administration of budget security indicates its actual absence. With the extremely important role of budget security, both in the life of the country as a whole and in the field of national security, in particular, building mechanisms of public administration of budget security is an extremely necessary task that needs immediate solution. The development of the concept of "budgetary security" was specified in the development of theoretical and methodological positions of budget security, the definition of "budget security" and "state management of budget security" and "mechanisms of public administration of budget security" is given, as well as the role of budget security, functions and tasks of public administration of budget security. The multiplicity of such mechanisms and as a formalized understanding of the inextricably combined set of different mechanisms of public administration of budget security, three main blocks of public administration mechanisms of budget security, three main blocks of public administration mechanisms of budget security have been distinguished, namely: "Frame-providing mechanisms" (hierarchical-coordination-mechanism of subordination relations of public administration and interaction; information and communication-mechanism of obtaining, processing and transmitting information within public administration of budget security); "Functional-node mechanisms" (directive-functional-mechanism of preparation, adoption and implementation of general management decisions on ensuring budget safety both in the context of achieving the goal directly and organizing the

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achievement of the latter; political and strategic-mechanism of formation of policy and state management strategy of budgetary security; "Social and Supporting Mechanisms" (motivational-stimulating-mechanism of motivation and stimulation of employees, whose functional responsibilities include budget safety; moral and ethical-a mechanism for ensuring compliance with moral and ethical standards in the process of public administration of budget security; social and psychological-The detail of the integral mechanism of public administration of budget security has built its individual mechanisms, in particular: hierarchical and coordination (in the context of three types of management ties: subordination, coordination); complex functional-node; Socio-psychological mechanism (in the context of such targeted instrumental segments: preparation, retraining, self-preparation). Their introduction into practice will allow the actual implementation of one of the main tasks of public administration - ensuring the financial stability and stability of the state and society.

Keywords: budget security; mechanisms of public administration; state management of budget security.

1. Introduction

In the context of Ukraine's struggle for its independence, the primary task of public administration in Ukraine is to ensure national security. According to domestic legislation, in particular the Law of Ukraine "On National Security of Ukraine", national security means "the protection of state sovereignty, territorial integrity, democratic constitutional order and other national interests of Ukraine from real and potential threats" [26]. The above definition does not give a clear idea of the components of such security, however, the above Law of Ukraine enshrines, according to which "state policy in the fields of national security and defense is aimed at providing military, foreign policy, state, economic, information, environmental safety, security of critical infrastructure. The above is in favor of the fact that economic security, which is a state of the national economy, which allows to maintain resistance to internal and external threats, to ensure high competitiveness in the world economic environment and characterizes the ability of the national economy to sustain and balanced growth "[28]. Actually economic security includes production, demographic, energy, foreign economic, investment-innovation, macroeconomic, food, social, financial security; Within the latter, the domestic regulatory field distinguishes the safety, safety of the estimated financial sector, banking, debt, currency, monetary and budgetary security [28]. The central position within the limits of economic security is held by budgetary security, which plays a financial and safety role not only for all types of security, but also of all spheres of society, the corresponding level of budgetary security allows to fully implement activities in the specified areas [28, 31]. Under these conditions, building the basic provisions of public administration of budgetary security in the part of its primary mechanisms is an extremely important and urgent task.

2. Literature review

Despite the significant achievements of the world security science, the study of specialized literature on these issues indicates a certain haphazard in the perception of the structure of national security for the emphasis on individual heterogeneous treated for this period of its object components, such as: then:

• extremism and radicalism, cyber-safety, social security, communication security, etc. (Jayakumar, 2020) [13];

• economics, nutrition, health, ecology, politics, personality and community in the focus of law enforcement problems, as well as ethnic and religious problems (Osisanya, 2016) [24];

• climate change, internal terrorism, radicalism, cybersecurity, nuclear weapons, piracy, space, refugees (Inquiries Journal, 2011-2021) [22];

• social networks, epidemic, human rights, internal terrorism and extremism (Harvard National Security Journal, 2011-2021) [10];

• weapons, extremism, energy, corruption, internal terrorism (National Security: News, Analysis and Opinion from Politico, 2011-2021) [23];

The processing of a large number of international specialized literary sources indicates that there are no budget security.

The achievements of domestic researchers testify to the fairly heterogeneous approaches of the authors to understanding national security (Chumak, Medvid, Seryogin, Berdan, Kuts [6, 19, 21, 30]) and some efforts to form a certain clearly substantiated structure of national security (Suprunova, Evdokimov).

- security of national management;
- political security;
- economic security;
- military safety;
- public and legal order;
- social and humanitarian security;
- information and communication security;
- resource and ecological safety;
- technical and technogenic safety;
- international diplomatic safety;

It is worth noting that a clear idea of the structure of national security does not provide a normative legal field (the Law of Ukraine "On National Security of Ukraine", 2018; National Security Strategy of Ukraine, 2020; Methodological Recommendations for calculating the level of economic security of Ukraine, 2013) [26-28], since it was only comprehensive to develop its content.

- human development safety;
- military security;
- public safety;
- defense and industrial safety;
- energy safety;
- environmental safety;
- bioboscurity;
- information security;
- cybersecurity;
- security of foreign policy;
- state security;
- border security;
- food safety;
- economic security;

Regarding budget security, domestic researchers support the normatively fixed approach to it, and therefore process its issues to all from the point of view of economic and financial security in particular (Arkhiiereiska, Bogma, Prokazyuk, Postolenko, Dets, Demenok, Baranovsky, Zveruk, Kolesnik, Kovpak, Gritsyshen [1-4, 8, 9, 11, 17, 18, 25, 29, 32, 33]). Single budget safety studies as an object of public administration are rather scholastic in nature and are not intended to form budget security mechanisms (Lutsyk-Dubova, Borodiy, Bogma, Yakovenko, Tarasova, Evdokimov [5, 7, 11, 12, 14-16, 20]).

3. Identification of previously unresolved questions and formulation of study hypotheses

The absence of primary mechanisms of public administration of budget security encourage the formation of integral and component mechanisms of public administration of budget security, the implementation of which in practice will help to form a clear system of public administration of budget security.

4. Data and methodology

The information basis of the study was the normative legal acts and specialized scientific literature in the field of economic security, budget and state. The methodological basis of the study is general philosophical, general scientific, as well as special methods of knowledge of phenomena and processes in the field of public administration of budget security. Formation of theoretical and methodological elements of public administration of budget security was through the application of methods of theoretical generalization and systematization, modeling, synergic approach, modeling, comparative analysis and concretization, formalization. The development of the institutional model of public administration of budget security is carried out by the use of methods: theoretical generalization, analysis and synthesis, abstract-logical, modeling, formalization. The development of budget security was carried out through the use of methods of analysis and synthesis, induction and deduction, formalization, modeling, concretization, abstract-logical method, logic and classification.

5. Purpose of publication

On the basis of elaboration of theoretical and methodological principles of both budget security and public administration of budget security to form an integral mechanism of public administration of budget security of Ukraine and its components.

6. Results and discussions

The formation of mechanisms for public administration of budget security is not a possible theoretical basis. In order to develop the theoretical positions of state management of budget security, on the basis of the analysis of approaches to the definition of the concept, direct subordination of budget security, taking into account the requirements for the activities of state institutions and entities, based on the laws of formal logic, the concept of "budget security" is interpreted as a state of financial security of the sector of general public administration, characterized by the solvency and financial stability of the state, as an economic entity that enables institutional units of this sector to exercise powers to perform state functions as efficiently and effectively as possible in the face of a changing environment, external and internal threats [16, 31]. This approach provides both a correct interpretation of budget security within the domestic and world managerial and economic theory and practice, but also a focus on the most general object-subject features of the concept. To continue the study of the basic foundations of budget security, it is proposed to identify as follows the following set of them: the purpose of budget security is to develop optimal in structure and internal content and resistant to various threats to the State and local budgets; the subjects of budget security are the relevant executive authorities and local self-government within the sector of general public administration; the

subject of budget security is the budget system, the budget process, the budget mechanism; the objects of budget security are elements of the budget system, the budget process, the budget mechanism [16, 31].

In order to systematize the multi-vector role of budgetary security in the life of society in the context of object attention of public administration, the external, internal and general sphere of its influence is motivated, defined, within which 13 positions are allocated. With their consideration, the identification of the place of budgetary security in the modern world as: an element of ensuring the functioning and existence of the institution of a sovereign state; component of a multi-element system of state security; object of public administration; a public finance management tool, including the budget system and budget process; means of monitoring the state of solvency and financial stability of the state in terms of budget resources and funds; factor of economic development of the country and economic entities; determinants of social security of citizens of the country; information source of society regarding relevant data on the state of use of funds of its individuals - participants in replenishment of the revenue side of budgetary security (institutional, managerial, protective, control and indicative, economic, social, informational, activity, scientific and cognitive) and corresponding tasks. Within the framework of the formation of the classification of 4 features is motivated, according to which the grouping by: budget level is allocated; budget elements; functions of the state; sphere of influence.

An important task within the framework of the formation of mechanisms for public administration of budget security is the regulatory support of the latter, which, in fact, should prescribe the key provisions of such mechanisms. Based on the general theoretical positions of budget security and public administration of the latter, focusing on the requirements of the organization of any process or activity, we propose the following classification grouping of regulations of the sphere of governing influence on budget security: 1) by object components: security of the budget system, security of the budget process, security of the budget mechanism; 2) by budget level: regulations of the sphere of influence on the State budget; regulations of the sphere of influence on local budgets; universal regulations; 3) by degree of impact: total impact; providing action; profile impact; special impact; 4) on the functions of public administration: regulations for the implementation of the planning/forecasting function; regulations on the implementation of the organization. Reasoned classification model of regulations of public administration.

A model of regulatory support for public administration of budget security has been formed, which provides for the allocation of four interrelated blocks: regulations for planning/forecasting budget security; regulations on the organization of achieving budget security; regulations on motivation to achieve budget security; regulations for monitoring the achievement of budget security. An analysis of all identified regulatory legal acts led to the conclusion that there were no necessary provisions for regulating the process of public administration of budget security [31, 32]. Their formation substantiated and developed proposals to amend the Constitution of Ukraine, the Law of Ukraine "On National Security of Ukraine," the Budget Code of Ukraine, the Order of the Ministry of Economic Development and Trade of Ukraine "On Approval of Methodological Recommendations for Calculating the Level of Economic Security of Ukraine." Their final implementation will consolidate the necessary provisions on public administration of budget security in all regulatory documents that directly or indirectly regulate issues of budget security.

Development of real effective mechanisms, procedures and rules of public administration of budget security is not possible without a scientifically grounded basis, which in front of everything consists in terminological identification of the concept itself "public administration of budget security," which is reasoned to be understood as a separate direction of public administration of state security, within which, through a set of state authorities and other entities whose activities are fully or partially aimed at achieving, supporting, developing and protecting the country's budget security, a purposeful managerial influence of the state is carried out to ensure the functioning and development of all its functional spheres [31]. This approach provides a correct interpretation of the concept of "public administration of budget security" both within the framework of the science of public administration and state security in general and economic, financial, budget security in particular, as well as an emphasis on the exclusive chain-securing role of budget security among other types of state security.

In the process of studying the nature of public administration of budget security, its essence is revealed, consisting in a tetrahedral form manifestation [31]. As a system of state management of budget security, it is a complex subsystem of state management of state security, within which its theoretical and methodological part (including mechanisms) affect its nucleus with their tools (represented by the relevant subject-object field and the totality of its managerial relations), functioning in the conditions of the action of internal and external factors of the subsystem, in order to achieve the necessary and sufficient level of budgetary security for the effective and productive functioning of the institution of the state. The proposed formalization of the system of public administration of budget security the theory of public administration of budget security in the form of conceptual apparatus, purpose, functions and tasks forms the basis and a certain functional query on the methodology of public administration of budget security, as well as, through the identification of the above positions (including subject-object field) forms a clear internal system framework. As a process, state management of budget security is a special type of management process to ensure the functioning of the state in terms of its budget security, which has a spherical structure of a double circle, the first of which is represented by a set of stages of the functioning of the object - budget security, and the second - by a set of stages of the influence of entities on the object. On the development of a formalized imagination about the process of the same name, its organizational stages and stages of influence on the managed object are determined. As a type of activity, public administration of budget security is a purposeful set of actions in its unity, which is subordinated to social motives and goals, and also includes multidisciplinary skills and abilities, the implementation of which (accompanied by appropriate support) within the framework of the functioning of both the system and the process of public administration of budgetary security,

aimed at achieving the main goal - ensuring an appropriate level of budgetary security of the country. It is proved that public administration of budgetary security is also a certain vector scientific and cognitive direction of public administration in general and public administration of state security in particular, which is interspecific and in a certain way intersectoral in nature and studies and processes within the axiological, cognitive and technological components of both the system and process of the same name, and activities in order to form and systematize knowledge on public administration of budget security.

For further development of the theoretical foundations of public administration of budget security, it is substantiated that the functions of public administration of budget security are a system of two-dimensional content-target elements of the governing influence of the relevant subjects of public administration of budget security on budget security itself, as well as the external governing influence of the result of public administration of budget security on society [31]. At the same time, internal influence functions (general) are classical management functions in general, through which subjects purposefully influence the object - in this case, budget security - in order to achieve the appropriate level of the latter (planning/forecasting, organization, motivation, control). Functions of external influence (specific) represent a vector effective direction of the results of internal control influence on the external environment within society (Table 1) [31].

Table 1

Functions	Tasks
Institutional	Ensuring the existence of the institution of the state and the functioning of institutions of the general government sector by achieving and maintaining the required level of budget security
Managerial	Formation of budget security indicators for decision-making in the field of public administration in general and in the context of individual areas
Protective	Protection of the budget system, process, mechanism of the country from threat, as well as the rights of citizens of ukraine as participants in the budget process as taxpayers
Financial	Promoting the implementation of plans to finance the most important functions of the state
Informational	Providing society within the implementation of the principle of publicity on public administration with relevant reliable and credible information on the state of budget security of the country
Activity	Development of a professional direction in the field of public administration of budget, and hence financial, economic and state security
Scientifically- Cognitive	Development of the science of public administration of budget security

In the context of the development of methodological foundations for public administration of budget security, proposals were made to divide the principles of public administration of budget security into the principles of its methodology and organization [31]; at the same time, the organization of public administration of budget security is proposed to be understood as a set of methods, methods and means of streamlining, optimizing and increasing the efficiency of the functioning of public administration of budget security in all its forms. The article justifies the election as the basis of the principles of the methodology of public administration, expanding them with specific, such as: multifaceted form manifestation; intersectoral; multidisciplinary competence; information efficiency. Regarding the principles of organization of public administration of budget security, it is proposed to allocate 2 levels of such principles, namely general and form presentation, while the latter are divided into 4 groups depending on the presented options for identifying public administration of budget security, highlighting groups of principles for the organization: systems of public administration of budget security, the process of public administration of budget security, activities on public administration of budget security and scientific direction on public administration of budget security.

In order to form a methodological superstructure of public administration of budget security, a definition of a "mechanism of public administration of budget security" has been formed, by which it is proposed to understand the set of interrelated methodological and organizational components that, in their logical causal and effective connection, reflect the actual content and structural content of the above system and the sequence of the above process in space and time, through which the guiding influence on budget security is carried out [31]. The presented dictionary design allows to take into account the corresponding subcontracting relationship of all the declared concepts-inclusions, scientific and practical levels of study of object phenomena and processes, the relationship of methodological and organizational components, the static-dynamic content of the system/management process.

Based on the elaboration of approaches to the definition of mechanisms of public administration, taking into account the proposals of the authors already set out, it is proposed to allocate the following mechanisms of public administration of budget security in the context of the following blocks: "Frame-support mechanisms" (hierarchical-coordination - mechanism of subordination ratio of subjects of public administration of budget security and their interdepartmental coordination and interaction; information and communication - a mechanism for obtaining, processing and transmitting information within the framework of public administration of budget security); "Functional-nodal mechanisms" (directive-functional - a mechanism for implementing general management decisions to ensure budget security both in the context of achieving the goal directly and organizing the achievement of the latter; political and regulatory - a mechanism for shaping the policy of public

administration of budget security and regulatory support of the latter; financial and budgetary - a mechanism of financial management actions to ensure budget security); "Social security mechanisms" (motivational-stimulating - a mechanism for motivating and stimulating employees, whose functional responsibilities include ensuring budget security; moral and ethical - a mechanism for ensuring compliance with moral and ethical standards in the process of implementing state management of budget security; socio-psychological - a mechanism for persuading about the necessity and proper involvement of citizens in public administration of budget security, as well as the importance of the latter).

The necessity and possibility of forming, and therefore the model of an integral mechanism of public administration of budgetary security is formed as a formalized idea of an inseparably united set of different mechanisms of public administration of the latter in the general outline of components (Fig. 1) [31].

Further development of the methodological superstructure of public administration of budgetary security is characterized by the concept of state policy in the field of budgetary security, which is proposed to understand the purposeful, continuous and organized activities of state institutions in the field of budgetary security in order to achieve it, stabilize and grow. A classification of state policy in the sphere of budget security is formed according to the following features: by the level of budget; by budget elements; by functions of the state; by sphere of influence; by time period. The principles of state policy in the field of budget security, in particular: scientific validity; the rule of law and legality; publicity and transparency; heredity and continuity; priority of goals; completeness of coverage; complexity; correlations; synergy of structural elements; effectiveness and efficiency; accountability and control.

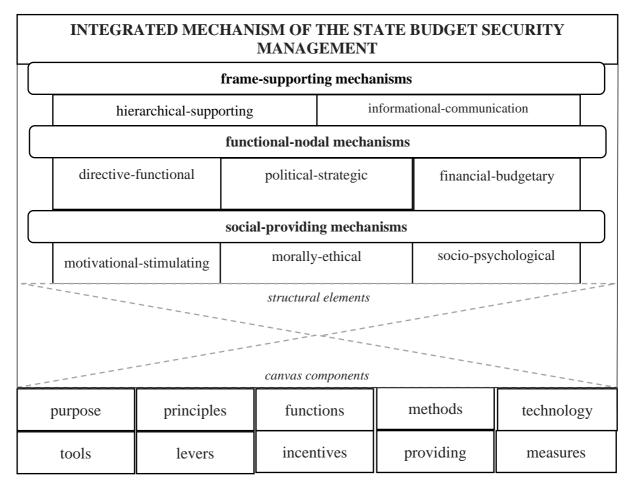


Fig. 1. Model of the integrated mechanism of public administration of budgetary security

In the process of studying the provisions of institutionalization in the context of a specific object orientation, it is proposed to understand under the institutionalization of public administration of budget security the process of identification of relevant institutions, formalization and systematization of fundamental provisions (object, goal, principles, functions, tasks, forms, norms), their connections, communications within the framework of public administration of budget security in particular and in general, in general or in the context of the relevant focus request. Based on the elaboration of the current domestic regulatory and legal field, institutionalization of public administration of budget security in the context of subjects of direct managerial action was carried out (President of Ukraine - hereinafter PU; National Security and Defense Council of Ukraine - hereinafter NSDCU; Verkhovna Rada of Ukraine - hereinafter VRU; Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine - hereinafter CMU; Security Service of Ukraine - hereinafter SBU; Ministry of Finance of Ukraine - hereinafter MFU; Ministry of Economy of Ukraine - hereinafter MEU, Bureau of Economic Security of Ukraine - hereinafter BESU; Accounting Chamber of Ukraine - hereinafter ACU; National Agency of Ukraine for Civil Service - hereinafter NAUSS) and subjects of indirect management

action: State Treasury Service of Ukraine; State Audit Office of Ukraine; State Fiscal Service of Ukraine; State Customs Service of Ukraine (hereinafter - STSU, SAOU, SFSU, SCSU, respectively). Proposals have been made to clarify the powers of the following public administration entities of budget security: CMU, SBU, MFU, MEU, BESU, ACU. The conducted institutional analysis of the subjects of public administration of budgetary security of direct and indirect action allowed to form a dynamic-functional institutional model of public administration of budgetary security (Fig. 2), demonstrating the implementation of its general (internal influence) and special (external influence) functions in their dynamics within the institutional environment of the latter [31]. Its construction will contribute to the formation of clear mechanisms of public administration of budget security, and therefore increase the efficiency and effectiveness of public administration of budget security.

In order to build a hierarchical-coordination mechanism within the framework of public administration of budgetary security, the formation of the latter is motivated in the context of subjects of public administration of budgetary security through the establishment of appropriate managerial ties between them. In the context of the research object, in order to solve this problem, management relations of PU, VRU, NSDCU, CMU, SBU, BESU, ACU and other subjects of public administration of budget security have been identified and supplemented. Based on this, a hierarchical coordination mechanism of public administration of budget security has been developed in the context of three types of managerial relations: subordination, coordination, and re-coordination (Fig. 3).

The outline of the components of the hierarchical-coordination mechanism of public administration of budget security has been formed, in particular: the goal (formation of managerial ties between the subjects of public administration of budget security to ensure its implementation); principles: hierarchy, rationality, interconnection, simultaneity, consistency, balance, balance, unity, reservation, reliability, clarity, efficiency, response, democracy, publicity; function - organizational; methods - administrative; methods, measures: sighting and other methods of control, vertical distribution of tasks, creation of commissions and committees, horizontal meetings, dissemination of information, negotiations, observation, development of rules, procedures, schedules, norms, plans, regulations, etc., synchronization of actions in time, etc.; technologies - information and analytical and organizational; regulatory support [31].

The introduction of this mechanism will contribute to the development and subsequent streamlining of managerial ties of public administration of budget security.

On the development of the basic provisions of the information and communication mechanism of public administration budget security developed classification of information flows of management information through its addition such features and their respective groups: types of information (statistical, administrative, legal, mass, activity, personal); Availability (limited, open access) purpose (study, familiarization). The development of the information and communication mechanism of public administration of budget security is motivated by the following successive stages of determination: information data within the system of public administration of budget security; users of input, internal-system and output information of the public administration system of budget security; information entry and exit channels, information movement technologies within the system of public administration of budget security; means for transmitting information on said system; quality, quantity and value of transmitted information data.

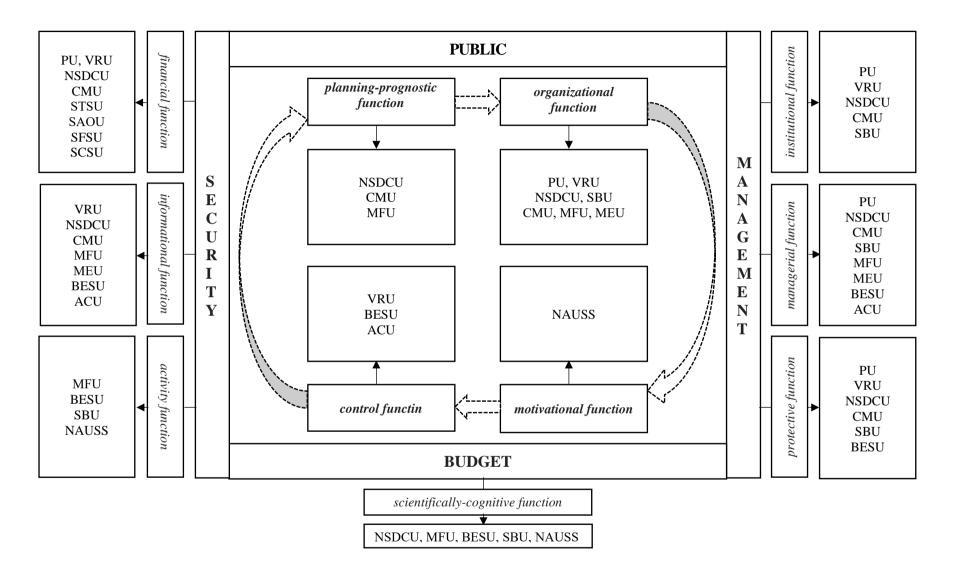


Fig. 2. Dynamic-functional institutional model of public budget security administration

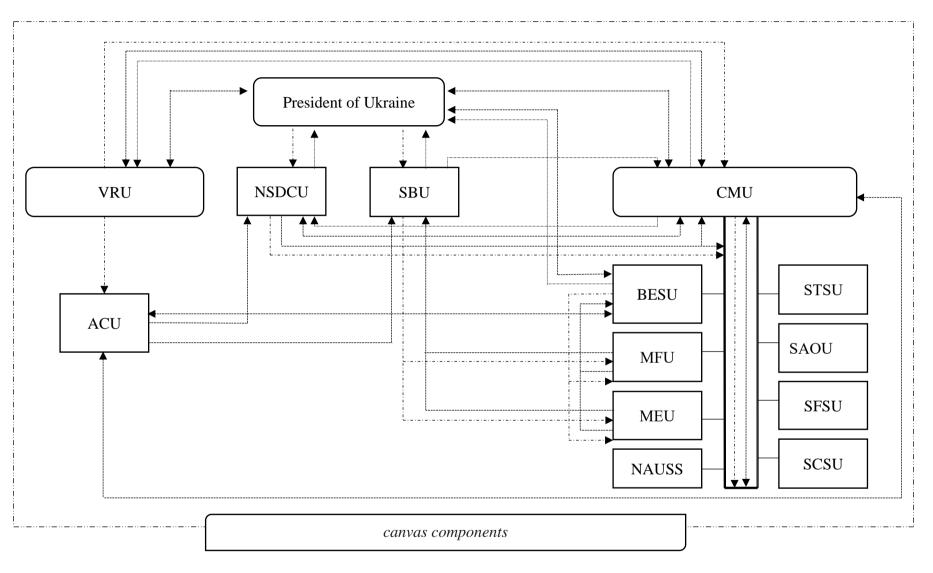


Fig. 3. Hierarchical coordination mechanism of state budget security management

(designation: ------ subordination, ------ coordination, ----- reordination, ---- vertical institutions of executive power (hereinafter – IEP)

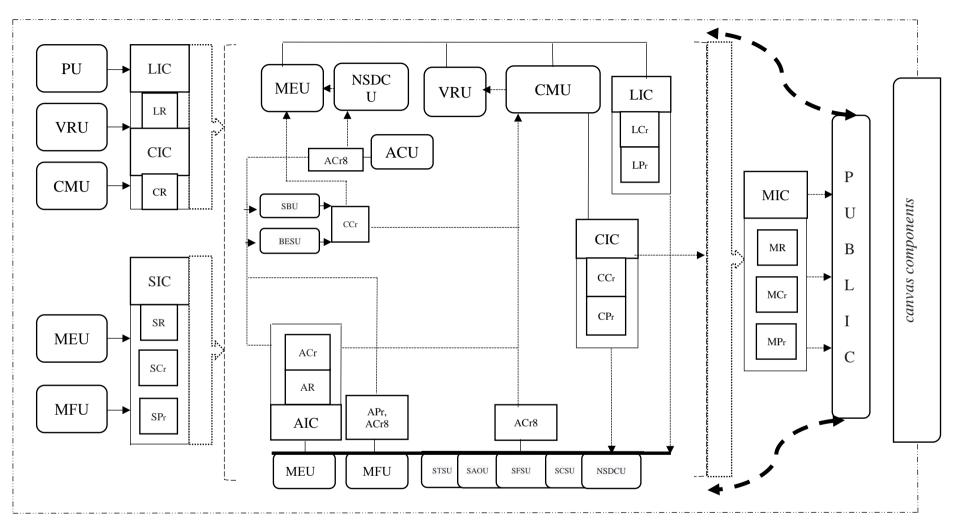


Fig. 4. Information and communication mechanism of state budget security management

(the abbreviation should be understood as: SIC - statistical information cluster; AIC - administrative information cluster; CIC - activity information cluster; LIC - legal information cluster; MIC - mass information cluster; SR - a retrospective segment of the statistical information cluster; MIC - mass information cluster; SR - a retrospective segment of the statistical information cluster on the basis of time; SP - a promising segment of the administrative information cluster on the basis of time; AR - a retrospective segment of the administrative information cluster on the basis of time; AP - a promising segment of the administrative information cluster on the basis of time; CR - a retrospective segment of the administrative information cluster on the basis of time; CR - a retrospective segment of the activity information cluster on the basis of time; CP - a promising segment of the activity information cluster on the basis of time; CP - a promising segment of the activity information cluster on the basis of time; LC - a retrospective segment of the activity information cluster on the basis of time; CP - a promising segment of the activity information cluster on the basis of time; CP - a promising segment of the activity information cluster on the basis of time; LC - a retrospective segment of the legal information cluster on the basis of time; LC - a promising segment of the activity information cluster on the basis of time; LC - a promising segment of the legal information cluster on the basis of time; LC - a promising segment of the mass information cluster on the basis of time; LP - a promising segment of the legal information cluster on the basis of time; LC - a promising segment of the mass information cluster on the basis of time; LC - a promising segment of the legal information cluster on the basis of time; LC - a promising segment of the mass information cluster on the basis of time; LP - a promising segment of the legal information cluster on

In the process of implementation of these stages: it is motivated to take as a basis the classification of information flows by types, which include such information clusters (legal, statistical, activity, administrative, mass) with giving them characteristics; proved the need to classify the listed information clusters on the basis of time, and therefore decompose into: retrospective, current, perspective; all five information clusters were determined by the proposed characteristics with the allocation of the cluster segment by the time and category of information data; the movement of information flows of said system is identified and visualized; set of users of information, channels of input and output of information, subject technology of information movement and means of information transfer within public administration of budget security are defined.

The information and communication mechanism of public administration of budget security has been formed, within the framework of which the following outline of components has been defined (Fig. 4) [31]: purpose (formation of information connections for obtaining, processing and transmitting information within the public administration of budget security); principles: democracy, alternative, consensus, manufacturability, transparency, neutrality, accessibility, stimulation, openness, cooperation, mutual respect, parameters of information, free of charge; function - organizational, managerial, informational; methods - administrative; methods, activities: exchange of documents, meetings, meetings, negotiations, meetings, sessions, plenums, conferences, hearings, individual reception, informing, consulting, dialogue, partnership, etc.; technologies - information and analytical and organizational; regulatory support.

In order to develop functional-nodal mechanisms of public administration of budget security, it is proposed to understand under the adoption of state-management decisions on budget security the scientifically grounded process of forming a professional effective response by the subjects of budget security management to the actual or forecast situation regarding budget security in the country in terms of alternative choice with its consistent legal conclusion [31]. It is recommended to allocate current and long-term public management decisions in the field of budget security.

The stages of the process of making managerial decisions in the field of public administration of budgetary security in general [31] have been formed: preparatory stage (preparation for making a managerial decision in the context of stages): identification, elaboration and prioritization of problems of public administration of budgetary security, including from the point of situational approach; establishment of restrictions and criteria for making management decisions in the field of budget security formative stage (stage of development and adoption of management decisions in the context of stages): formation of a set of alternative management decisions in the field of budget security, their assessment and selection of the optimal one; determination of resource provision, final execution and adoption of a management decision in the field of budget security; implementation stage (stage of implementation of the management decision itself in the context of stages): practical implementation of a management decision in the field of budget security; control over the implementation of the management decisions in the field of budget security and adjustment of the latter; assessment of the results of the implementation of management decisions in the field of budget security and the adoption of general organizational decisions on the fact of its implementation.

According to the above-mentioned organizational stages of making state managerial decisions in the sphere of budget security, the procedure for their adoption within the framework of directive-functional, political-strategic, financial-budgetary mechanisms has been gradually and gradually developed.

A complex functional-nodal mechanism of public administration of budget security has been developed in the context of its components [31]: directive-functional, political-strategic, financial-budgetary mechanisms (Fig. 5).

It involves the identification of the situational and conservative field of stages and stages of state management decisions on budget security, as well as subject participation in each of the stages of the latter.

The components of the canvas of this mechanism are recognized in the following interpretation: the goal (formation of the procedure for making state managerial decisions in the field of budget security on the basis of the previously formed concept of provisions and approaches to ensure the implementation of state management of budget security); principles: resource saving, feedback, relevance, strategic thinking, control, efficiency, economy, timeliness, reliability, scientific validity, unity, complexity, flexibility, legitimacy, quantitative and qualitative expression, optimality, orientation, specificity in time, efficiency and timeliness, compliance, selectivity, necessary and sufficient conditions, variety of ways of professionalism, individuality, subject objective probability, compromise, timeliness, adequacy, resource provision, compensation for limited rationality, degree of freedom; functions - planning/forecasting, organizational, control, institutional, managerial, protective, financial, informational, activity; methods - administrative, direct administration methods (including strategic audit), economic (including budget regulation), scientific and analytical; methods, activities: legal, organizational and administrative documents, meetings, minutes, reports, information and analytical, explanatory and official notes, contracts, agreements, regulations, instructions, acceptance certificates, plans, schedules, reports; target, functional, composite, multiple, behavioral approaches in assessing the effectiveness and effectiveness of activities, etc.; technologies - information and analytical and organizational; regulatory support.

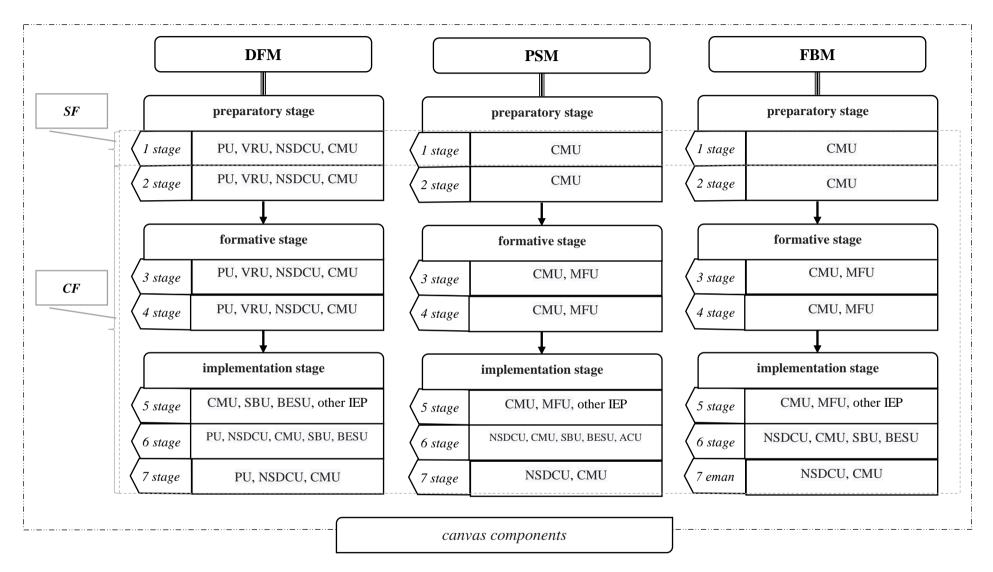


Fig. 5. Complex functional-nodal mechanism of state budget security management

(SF – situational field; CF – conservative field; DFM – directive-functional mechanism; PSM – political strategic mechanism; FBM – financial-budgetary mechanism)

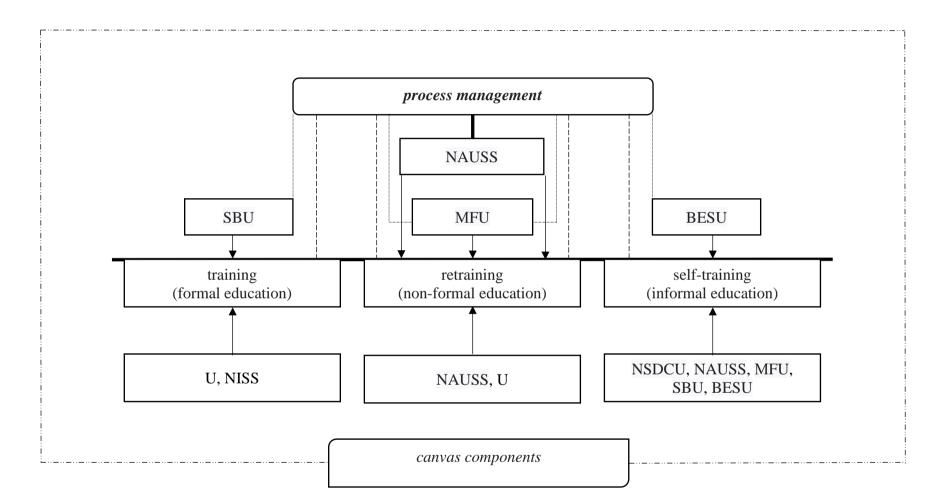


Fig. 6. Socio-psychological mechanism of public administration of budget security (NISS – National Institute for Strategic Studies; U – universities)

For the formation of the socio-psychological mechanism of public administration of budget security, the following target instrumental segments have been proposed for elaboration within it: training, retraining, self-training. On the basis of the above provisions, a socio-psychological mechanism for public administration of budget security has been formed (Fig. 6) [31], including: the governing bodies of the process of training the public community in the field of public administration of budget security by type of education; canvas components.

The latter includes: the goal (formation of maximum public awareness of issues of public administration of budget security in order to create a socio-psychological basis for its active participation in the latter); principles: the rule of law, constructiveness, freedom, democracy, ethics, publicity, transparency, human-centrism, integrity, humanism, scientific justification, complexity, integrity, equality, partnership, accessibility, impartiality, continuity, openness, etc.; function (motivational, informational, scientific and cognitive, activity); methods (administrative, direct administration methods, scientific and analytical); methods, activities: training, counseling, scientific research, informing, agitation, clarification, etc.; technologies (information and analytical and organizational); regulatory support (the above normative acts). The introduction of the developed socio-psychological mechanism of public administration will contribute to the creation of a conscious logically cumulative age information basis for active public participation in public administration of budget security.

7. Conclusions

The development of practical provisions of public administration of budget security requires the formation of a scientifically sound theoretical and methodological basis. The concept of "budget safety" is clarified in the study of this starting task, as well as the definition of concepts of "state management of budget security" and "mechanisms of public administration of budget security" is formed. In addition to the conceptual and categorical experiments, the place and importance of budgetary security in modern society was identified, emphasizing its exclusive financial and saving role, on the basis of which the composition of functions and tasks of both budget security and public budget security is formed. In order to form a comprehensive imagination about the state management system of budget security and the mechanisms of its implementation, the integral mechanism of public administration of budget security is constructed, which includes three block components of complex mechanisms (frame-providing (hierarchical-coordination and information-communication), functional-no-nosed)-functional-nodental and intellectual). Socio-supporting (motivational-stimulating, moral-ethical and socio-psychological)) and canvas components in the form of: goals, principles, functions, methods, technologies, tools, levers, incentives, provision and measures. In the practical implementation of the integral mechanism of public administration of the integral mechanism of public administration of advector security, complex frame-safety and functional mechanisms, as well as the socio-psychological mechanism of public administration of the integral mechanism of public administration of administration of budget security, have undergone budgetary security.

Further research in the field of public administration of budget security should be directed to development: estimation and indicative indicators of budget security, as a component of public administration of budget security, in time and space, determination and regulatory consolidation of responsibility for violation of the relevant level of budget security in the country, issues of budget security at the local level. The comprehensive implementation of the scientific results proposed in this study and the potential with the above objective attention will not only stabilize and strengthen the country's state finance system, but also promote the national security of Ukraine to a qualitatively higher level.

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